SC “Achema”
Safety data sheet
In accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II with all subsequent amendments and supplements and EC Regulation No. 830/2015

Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizers (UAN)

Revision date: 2020.07.20
Version: No. 8.0
Revision number: No. 0
Issuing date: 2020.07.20

SECTION 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name of mixture: Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizers (UAN).
Composition: ammonium nitrate and urea.

Chemical name: ammonium nitrate.
Index number according to Regulation No. 1272/2008: not applicable.
EC number: 229-347-8
CAS number: 6484-52-2
REACH registration number: 01-2119490981-27-XXXX.
Other means of identification: none.

Chemical name: urea.
Index number according to Regulation No. 1272/2008: not applicable.
EC number: 200-315-5
CAS number: 57-13-6
REACH registration number: 01-2119463277-33-XXXX.
Other means of identification: none.

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the mixture and uses advised against

1.2.1 Uses:
Professional use
- Professional use [SU22]: Professional use in formulation and final use (PC12).

Further customer use
- Further customer use [SU21]: further customer use as fertilizers (PC12).

1.2.2 Uses advised against: none.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet
Manufacturer/Supplier: AB Achema
Full address: Jonalaukio k., Ruklos sen., LT-55296
Country: Lithuania
Tel. Nr.: +370 349 56736
URL website: www.achema.lt
Person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet (with e-mail address): Mindaugas Vaidila, e-mail: m.vaidila@achema.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number
Please contact: Poison Information and Control Office in the Republic of Lithuania by phone +370 52362052, cell phone +370 687 53378, on site http://www.apsinuodijau.lt/information-in-english/ or by the Common
emergency Center by 112. **Helpdesk services work**: 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.

**Other remarks (language in which assistance is provided)**: assistance is provided in Lithuanian.


Telephone numbers of poison control centers in the European Economic Area:
- **IRELAND** (Dublin) +353 1 8379964;
- **AUSTRIA** (Vienna) +43 1 406 43 43;
- **BELGIUM** (Brussels) +32 70 245 245;
- **BULGARIA** (Sofia) +359 2 9154 409;
- **CZECH REPUBLIC** (Praha) +420 224 919 293;
- **DENMARK** (Copenhagen) 82 12 12 12;
- **ESTONIA** (Talinn) 112;
- **GREECE** (Athens) +30 10 779 3777;
- **ICELAND** (Reykjavik) +354 525 111, +354 543 2222;
- **ITALY** (Rome) +39 06 305 4343;
- **LATVIA** (Ryga) +371 704 2468;
- **MALTA** (Valletta) 2425 0000;
- **NORWAY** (Oslo) 22 591 300;
- **NETHERLANDS** (Bilthoven) +31 30 274 88 88;
- **FRANCE** (Paris) +33 1 40 0548 48;
- **FINLAND** (Helsinki) +358 9 471 977;
- **HUNGARY** (Budapest) 06 80 20 11 99;
- **GERMANY** (Berlin) +49 30 19240.

### SECTION 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance

**2.1.1 Classification according to Regulation No. 1272/2008 [CLP]:**

**In Lithuanian**

Eye irritation Cat. 2

**In English**

Eye Irrit. 2, H319

#### 2.2 Label elements

**Labeling according to Regulation No. 1272/2008 [CLP]:**

**Hazard pictogram(s):**

![GHS07](image)

**Signal word:** WARNING

**Hazard statement(s):**

H319 – Causes serious eye irritation.

**Precautionary statement(s):**

P102 – Keep out of reach of children;
P220 – Keep/Store away from clothing /food/drinks/animal foodstuffs/ combustible materials;
P262 – Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing;
P280 – Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection;
P305+P351+P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing;
P337+P313 – If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention;
P301+P315 – IF SWALLOWED: Get immediate medical advice/attention;
P264 – Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

#### 2.3 Other hazards

According to Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, no PBT and vPvB assessment has been conducted since product is inorganic mixture.
SECTION 3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

According to the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 the liquid nitrogen fertilizers (UAN) is a mixture.

3.2. Mixtures
Identification of hazardous ingredients in the mixture

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>6484-52-2</td>
<td>229-347-8</td>
<td>Not listed</td>
<td>01-2119490981-27-XXXX</td>
<td>30 - 47</td>
<td>ammonium nitrate</td>
<td>Oxid. Solid Cat. 3, H272; Eye Irrit. Cat. 2, H319</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

All precautionary statements are listed in section 16.

SECTION 4. FIRST-AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

4.1.1 General information. Measurements which only the doctor can take: eye healing, stomach cleansing. The material can get through: the respiratory tract, in contact with skin, eyes, ingestion.

Inhalation: does not affect respiratory tract, non-hazardous.

Skin contact: wash affected skin (body) with water; change affected clothing.

Eye contact: Immediately wash eyes with plenty of running water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Seek medical advice if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion: do not cause vomiting, rinse mouth with water; give the affected person plenty of water or milk to drink; seek medical advice.

Individual protection measures recommended for first-aiders: Comply with general hygiene requirements. Product contact with eyes is prohibited. Avoid repeated or prolonged contact with skin or clothing. Wear protective gloves.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects

Inhaled: There is no evidence that inhalation has adverse health effects.

Skin Contact: Prolonged contact may cause skin irritation.

Eye Contact: Eye irritation, pain.

Ingestion: none known.

Delayed effects: none known.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

None.

SECTION 5. FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES
Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizers (UAN)

5.1 Extinguishing media
Suitable: water and carbon dioxide or other fire-extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding materials.
Not suitable: do not use chemical extinguishers, water vapor.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture
None.

5.3 Advice for firefighters
Personal protective equipment: isolating apparel used by fireman, use isolating personal oxygen masks. Wear protective work clothing, safety boots, protective gloves, eye, face and respiratory protective equipment according to LST EN 469.

5.4 Additional information
None.

SECTION 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures
6.1.1. For personnel not involved in emergency situations: Avoid contact with the product. Evacuate from the yard if it's safe. In the event of an accident, use the personal protective equipment provided in sub-section 8.2 of this SDS.
6.1.2. For the personnel involved in emergency situations: Use the personal protective equipment provided in sub-section 8.2 of this SDS. Collect as much spillage as possible with dry sand or other absorbent. Avoid contact with the product. After clothes contact with the product, remove them; wash affected area with running water.

6.2 Environmental precautions
Keep away from getting into a rain drainage system or trenches an/or ditches.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up
Pump (scoop) as much as possible of the spilled substance/preparation into tight containers and eliminate the remains with dry sand. Pumped (taken away) product may be used according to its purpose again. Prevent spread fertilizer from accessing water pools.

6.4 Reference to other sections
See section 8 for personal protective equipment and section 13 for waste disposal methods.

SECTION 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling
General occupation hygiene: While spraying manually (during fertilizing process) use water-proof coat, rubber gloves, protective glasses and head protection; always spray downwind. After finish of work, wash hands with soap. Remove contaminated clothing and remove contaminated protective equipment before entering area for eating.

Storage requirements: fertilizers should be kept above the crystallization temperature, depending on the marque: UAN-28 > -16 °C, UAN-30 > -9 °C, UAN –32. > 0 °C. Liquid Nitrogen fertilizer (UAN) packed in small packages
SC “Achema”
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Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizers (UAN)

should be kept in closed storehouses, protected against moisture. Containers for keeping UAN may be produced of carbon steel, as corrosion inhibitor used in the preparation ensures anti-corrosion coefficient at least of 90 %. After emptying the containers, they must be refilled only using a gas mask of PS-1 category, as gas ammonia may be contained therein.

Directions for limited allowable quantities of the substance/preparation to be stored under the specified conditions: is not regulated by company. Avoid spillage and keep away from drains.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

The product must be stored in accordance with the Minister of Agriculture of the Republic of Lithuania of 2013 December 9th in order No. 3D-825 “On Approval of Rules for Technological Design of Warehouses for Mineral Fertilizers and Plant Protection Products in the UAA TPT 10: 2013” (Official Gazette, 2013, No. 128-6540), as amended and supplemented thereafter.

Incompatible products: Storage with any other chemical substances is not recommended, as possible reactions are not identified.

Requirements to packages: Transported by railway or truck tanks prepared especially for transportation of this kind of fertilizers: clean, hermetic and technically sound; packed into 1-50 dm3 polyethylene packages in compliance with applicable standardizing documents to ensure safe transportation and storage. May be packed in the customer’s package, which must be clean and hermetic (carbon steel containers, tanks, barrels); must be fastened tight while carrying.

The product is not subject to restrictions in accordance with the Resolution No. 966 of the Government of the Republic of Lithuania of August 07, 2004 “On the Approval of the Listing and Classification of Criteria for the Listing and Classification of Substances, Mixtures and Preparations of Hazardous Substances in Hazardous Substances in Hazardous Substances” (Official Gazette, 2004, No. 130-4649), with all subsequent amendments and supplements) or Part 2 of Annex I to Directive 2012/18/EU.

When storing the product in Lithuania in stationary tanks with a volume of more than 50 m3, these tanks must be registered with the state register management institution in accordance with the Chief State Labor Inspector of the Republic of Lithuania of August 1, 2006 Order No 1-178 “On the Approval of the List-Classification of Potentially Dangerous Equipment to be Registered in the State Register, Indicating Their Parameters”. When storing the product in other countries, the storage requirements in force in those countries must be complied with.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Solution of UAN is widely used as a main and/or additional fertilizer for winter and summer crops, sugar beet, mangel – (wurzel), grasslands and potatoes.

SECTION 8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Chemical, worker exposure limit value in air:

Long-term exposure limit (IPRD): 10 mg/m³ according to the product component – urea (applicable in Lithuania according to HN 23).

Short-term exposure limit (TPRD): in Lithuania, according to HN23 does not apply to the product and its components.

Limit value (NRD): Not applicable in Lithuania according to HN23 for the product and its components.

Occupational exposure limit (s) according to Directive 98/24/EC: Not applicable for the product and its ingredients.

Occupational exposure limit (s) according to Directive 2004/37/EC: Not applicable for the product and its ingredients.
Any other national occupational exposure limits: no data available.

Non-limiting value(s) (DNEL): the product does not meet the Regulation (EC) classification criteria No. 1272/2008. Therefore, no DNEL and PNEC are identified. The tables show the DNEL and PNEC values of the ammonium nitrate contained in the product.

Workers exposure. Ammonium nitrate information.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exposure mode</th>
<th>Exposure type</th>
<th>Hazardous</th>
<th>Physicochemical property that could have the greatest negative effect</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Systemic effect – long lasting</td>
<td>DNEL: 36 mg/m³</td>
<td>Toxicity (ingested)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Systemic effect - acute</td>
<td>The hazard is not known</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Local effect – long lasting</td>
<td>The hazard is not known (further research is not necessary)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
<td>Local effect - acute</td>
<td>The hazard is not known (further research is not necessary)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Systemic effect – long lasting</td>
<td>DNEL: 5,12 mg/kg bw/day</td>
<td>Toxicity (ingested)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Systemic effect - acute</td>
<td>No hazard identified</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Local effect – long lasting</td>
<td>The hazard is not known (further research is not necessary)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Skin contact</td>
<td>Local effect - acute</td>
<td>No hazard identified</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Contact via eyes</td>
<td>Local effect</td>
<td>Low hazard (limit not identified)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Predicted inactive concentration(s) PNE. Ammonium nitrate data.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Section</th>
<th>Hazardous</th>
<th>Comments</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Fresh water</td>
<td>No effect was observed in all eco-toxicity studies with the highest recommended concentration of ammonium nitrate (nominal 100 mg / l). Therefore, on the basis of the ECHA document “Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment. Part B: Hazard Assessment”, assessment of the impact of water bodies is not necessary and PNEC values are not derived.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sea water</td>
<td>No effect was observed in all eco-toxicity studies with the highest recommended concentration of ammonium nitrate (nominal 100 mg / l). Therefore, on the basis of the ECHA document “Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment. Part B: Hazard Assessment”, assessment of the impact of water bodies is not necessary and PNEC values are not derived.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fresh water sediment</td>
<td>No effect was observed in all eco-toxicity studies with the highest recommended concentration of ammonium nitrate (nominal 100 mg / l). No data on eco toxicity in sediment organisms. In addition, it is considered that such data are not necessary. Therefore, on the basis of the ECHA document “Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment. Part B: Hazard Assessment ”, assessment of the impact of water bodies is not necessary and PNEC values are not derived.</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sea water sediment</td>
<td>There is no probability of sediment exposure</td>
<td>No effect was observed in all eco-toxicity studies with the highest recommended concentration of ammonium nitrate (nominal 100 mg / l). No data on eco toxicity in sediment organisms. In addition, it is considered that such data are not necessary. Therefore, on the basis of the ECHA document “Guidance on information requirements and chemical safety assessment. Part B: Hazard Assessment ”, assessment of the impact of water bodies is not necessary and PNEC values are not derived.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Microorganisms in sewage treatment system | PNEC STP: 18 mg/l | Exposure factor: 10
Extrapolation method: exposure factor
Available test data with sodium nitrate, which is similar in structure to ammonium nitrate, EC50> 1000 mg / l and NOx 180 mg / l. An assessment factor
Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizers (UAN)

No additional material measurements / monitoring are required during product manufacture, storage, and product use. The product must be manufactured and used in a professional manner by the Minister of Social Security and Labor of the Republic of Lithuania and the Minister of Health of 2001 July 24 order No. 97/406 “On Approval of Regulations for the Protection of Workers from Chemical Agents at Work and for the Protection of Workers against the Exposure to Carcinogens and Mutagens at Work” (Official Gazette, 2001, No. 65-2396), as subsequently amended.

8.2 Exposure controls

8.2.1 Appropriate engineering controls: not necessary.

8.2.2 Individual protection measures:

8.2.2.1 Eye (face) protection: To ensure protection of eyes wear chemically resistant protective goggles or face shield according to LST EN 166 when using fertilizers.

8.2.2.2 Skin protection

Hand protection: adequate protection gloves according to EN 420, EN ISO 374-1 due to chemical protection, EN 388 due to mechanical protection. Protective gloves must be made of one of the materials listed in the table, at least as specified, for penetration of thickness and resistance.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Glove material</th>
<th>Glove thickness, mm</th>
<th>Penetration time, min*</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Butyl rubber - butyl</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>&gt; 480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Nitrile rubber/Nitrile latex</td>
<td>0.35</td>
<td>&gt; 480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fluorocarbon rubber</td>
<td>n.m. 0.40</td>
<td>&gt; 480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polychloroprene</td>
<td>n.m. 0.50</td>
<td>&gt; 480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Natural rubber/Natural latex</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>&gt; 480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Polyvinyl chloride</td>
<td>0.50</td>
<td>&gt; 480</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* - Time of penetration of glove material is the time that the product in contact with the glove penetrates through it completely. The shorter the penetration time, the glove material is less resistant to the product.

The manufacturer or consumer of the product must choose the appropriate glove material from the available options based on the nature of their work, the likelihood of contact with the product, the probable duration of exposure. When constantly working with the product it is recommended that the material of used gloves can withstand from being penetrated for at least 480 minutes. When working with the product, gloves can not be used for longer than the penetration time.

Skin protection creams do not adequately protect from the product.

Please note that the penetration time of the glove material in this section has been set at 22 °C and using pure
ammonium nitrate. When using a product that is a mixture of chemicals at normal temperature, above 22 °C, or using mixtures with other chemicals or solutions, the glove material may be less resistant and therefore the permitted shelf life of the gloves must be shortened in such cases. We recommend that when you start using a new type or other manufacturer's gloves, make sure that they are chemically and mechanically resistant to working conditions. If you have any questions about the suitability of the gloves, please contact the manufacturers / suppliers of gloves.

The inside of the gloves should not contain powders which can cause hand skin allergies. Before using the gloves, please always make sure there are no tears, cracks, or other defects. When the work is finished, the gloves must be cleaned and washed thoroughly before they are dry. After work, care must be taken to the hand skin.

Other protection: wear working clothes according EN ISO 13688 and EN ISO 13034, wear special working boots according to EN ISO 20345. After finishing work wash your hands with soap and change clothes.

8.2.2.3. Respiratory protection: not necessary.

8.2.2.4. Thermal protection: not necessary.

8.2.3 Environmental exposure controls: do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

SECTION 9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

(a) Appearance: colourless or brownish liquid without any sediment at 20 °C and a pressure of 1013 hPa.
(b) Odor: mild ammonia odour could be felt.
(c) Odour threshold: mild ammonia odour could be felt in a small quantity of product.
(d) pH: 6,5 ± 7,5.
(e) Melting/Freezing temperature:
   Not higher than -16 °C (UAN-28);
   Not higher than -9 °C (UAN-30);
   Not higher than 0 °C (UAN-32).
(f) Initial boiling point and boiling: 107°C.
(g) Flash point: the substance is inorganic. In accordance with Column 2 of REACH Annex VII, flash point does not need to be conducted in case the substance is inorganic.
(h) Speed of vaporization: not applicable.
(i) Flammability: nonflammable.
(j) Limit values of flammability or explosion: non explosive.
(k) Vapor pressure: 480 Pa.
(l) Vapor density: not applicable.
(m) Density: 1,265 ÷ 1,292 kg / m³ at 20 °C (UAN-28), 1,285 ÷ 1,315 kg / m³ at 20 °C (UAN-30), 1,305 ÷ 1,325 kg / m³ at 20 °C (UAN-32).
(n) Solubility in water: fully soluble in water.
(o) Partition coefficient n-octanol/water: not determined for liquid fertilizer solutions.
(p) Auto ignition temperature: In accordance with REACH Annex XI, testing may be omitted if testing does not appear scientifically necessary. Liquid nitrogen fertilizers have no explosive properties. However, Liquid nitrogen fertilizers do not contain groups that may react with oxygen and therefore will not auto-ignite at temperatures between room temperature and melting point. Therefore, a study is not considered necessary.
(r) Decomposition temperature: not applicable.
(s) **Viscosity:**
3,06 mPa s (at 20°C), 2,08 mPa s (at 40°C) (UAN-28);
3,95 mPa s (at 20°C), 2,57 mPa s (at 40°C) (UAN-30);
5,26 mPa s (at 20°C), 3,36 mPa s (at 40°C) (UAN-32).

(t) **Explosive properties:** Non explosive.

(u) **Oxidizing properties:** Non-classified as oxidizing substance.

### 9.2 Other information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Product brand</th>
<th>Content of nitrogen, %</th>
<th>Crystallization</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>N (total), %</td>
<td>N-NH₃</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UAN-28</td>
<td>28 ± 0,6</td>
<td>7 ± 0,6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UAN-30</td>
<td>30 ± 0,6</td>
<td>7,5 ± 0,6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>UAN-32</td>
<td>32 ± 0,6</td>
<td>8 ± 0,6</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Of all kinds of urea and ammonium nitrate in the weight ratio of 0.73 ÷ 0.83 during the manufacturing process is added to 150 ÷ 300 ppm (0.015 to 0.03%) of corrosion inhibitor. Portion of corrosion inhibitor after dispensing process decreases. The inhibitor is made of organic acids.

### SECTION 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**10.1 Reactivity**
Stable under regular conditions.

**10.2 Chemical stability**
Stable under regular conditions, does not have cumulative properties, does not form any toxic compounds with other substances contained in the air or drainage waters.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**
Possible dangerous reactions with other chemicals are unknown; do not mix with other substances. After refreezing, the properties are not changed.
Need for and the presence of stabilizers: not necessary.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**
Possible dangerous reactions with other chemicals are unknown; do not mix with other substances. Store below the crystallization temperature to avoid package damages.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**
None without changing the physical state of the substance.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**
None without changing the physical state of the substance.
SECTION 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

**Acute toxicity:** does not fulfill the classification criteria according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

**Product Ingredient Details:**
- Ammonium nitrate. Based on the available data, ammonium nitrate does not meet this hazard criteria in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. The effects of ammonium nitrate on animals are presented in the table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exposure dose / concentration</th>
<th>Routes</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Symptoms / delayed effects</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>LD50: 2950 mg/kg bw</td>
<td>Female/Male rats</td>
<td>OECD 401</td>
<td>Negative effects have not been established</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute dermal toxicity</td>
<td>LD50: &gt; 5000 mg/kg bw</td>
<td>Female/Male rats</td>
<td>OECD 402</td>
<td>Negative effects have not been established</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute inhalation toxicity (vapour)</td>
<td>LC50: &gt; 88.8 mg/kg bw</td>
<td>Rats</td>
<td>OECD 402</td>
<td>Negative effects have not been established</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Urea. According to the available data, urea does not meet this classification criteria according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. The effects of urea on animals are shown in the table.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Exposure dose / concentration</th>
<th>Routes</th>
<th>Method</th>
<th>Symptoms / delayed effects</th>
<th>Notes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Acute oral toxicity</td>
<td>LD50: 14300 mg/kg bw (male)</td>
<td>Rats</td>
<td>OECD 423</td>
<td>Negative effects have not been established</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>LD50: 15000 mg/kg bw (female)</td>
<td>Rats</td>
<td>OECD 423</td>
<td>Negative effects have not been established</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute dermal toxicity</td>
<td>Data not available</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Acute inhalation toxicity (vapour)</td>
<td>Data not available</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Skin irritation or/and sensitization:** According to all available data, product does not fulfill the classification criteria according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008. Not irritating. No sensitizing effect to skin known.

**Product Ingredient Details:**
- Ammonium nitrate. Based on the available data, ammonium nitrate does not meet this classification criteria in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. Studies on rabbits (OECD 404 analytical method) showed no evidence of skin irritation after 72 h (source: ammonium nitrate registration dossier under REACH).
- Urea. Based on the available data, urea does not meet this classification criteria according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. Studies on rats have shown that urea is non-irritating to the skin. Based on these results, urea was interpreted as non-irritating to skin and humans (source: urea registration dossier under REACH).

**Serious eye damage/irritation:** the product according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 is classified as eye irritating Cat.2.

**Product Ingredient Details:**
- Ammonium nitrate. Based on the available data, ammonium nitrate in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 is classified as eye irritation Cat.2. Studies on rabbits (OECD 405 analytical method) have shown that ammonium nitrate is an eye irritant (source: REACH registration dossier for ammonium nitrate).
- Urea. Studies on rats have shown that urea is easily irritating to the eyes. Based on medical data collected by urea.
Manufacturers on urea-related incidents, it has been interpreted that urea is not classified as an eye irritant to humans (source: urea registration dossier under REACH).

**Sensitizing of the airways or skin:** Based on available data, the product does not meet the criteria for classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008. Not sensitizing. In skin contact after rinsing with water no remaining health impacts are identified.

**Product Ingredient Details:**
- Ammonium nitrate. Does not have a sensitizing effect. Does not meet this classification criteria according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008. Justification. Studies with ammonium nitrate are not available. Studies with a similarly structured substance, the ammonium calcium salt of nitric acid (double salt of calcium nitrate) (OECD 429 method of analysis), have shown that this substance does not have a sensitizing effect. Based on this result, the dossier for the registration of ammonium nitrate under REACH concluded that ammonium nitrate also did not have a sensitizing effect.

**Mutagenicity:** Based on available data, the product does not meet the criteria for classification according to Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008.

**Product Ingredient Details:**
- Ammonium nitrate. Not mutagenic, does not meet the criteria for classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (based on OECD 471, 473 studies with ammonium nitrate and structurally similar ammonium calcium salt and OECD 476 study with potassium nitrate) (source: REACH registration dossier for ammonium nitrate).
- Urea. Based on the results of the Ames study performed so far with different concentrations of urea (negative results), it has been interpreted that urea is not mutagenic (source: urea registration dossier under REACH). According to the available data, urea does not meet the criteria for classification under Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008.

**Carcinogenicity:** Based on available data, the product does not meet the criteria for classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

**Product Ingredient Details:**
- Ammonium nitrate. Non-carcinogenic, does not meet this classification criteria according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (studies performed according to OECD 453 method with nitrates) (source: dossier for registration of ammonium nitrate under REACH).

**Reproductive toxicity:** Based on available data, the product does not meet the criteria for classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

**Product Ingredient Details:**
- Ammonium nitrate. Reproductive toxicity is not appropriate; ammonium nitrate does not meet this classification criteria according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (studies performed according to OECD Method 422 with a structurally similar substance - potassium nitrate). The result is a NOAEL ≥ 1500 mg / kg / day after ingestion over 28 days (source: ammonium nitrate registration dossier under REACH).
- Urea. Based on available data, urea does not meet the criteria for classification as toxic for reproduction according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (Ames test negative) (source: REACH registration dossier for urea).

**Specific target organs of toxicity (STOT) (unique exposure):** Based on available data, the product does not meet
the criteria for classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

Product Ingredient Details:
- Ammonium nitrate. Ammonium nitrate does not meet this classification criteria according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (source: dossier for registration of ammonium nitrate under REACH).
- Urea. According to the available data, urea does not meet the criteria for classification under Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (source: urea registration dossier under REACH).

Specific target organs of toxicity (STOT) (repeated exposure): Based on available data, the product does not meet the criteria for classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.
- Ammonium nitrate. Ammonium nitrate does not meet this classification criteria according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (source: dossier for registration of ammonium nitrate under REACH).
- Urea. According to the available data, urea does not meet the criteria for classification under Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 (source: urea registration dossier under REACH).

Aspiration hazard: none.

SECTION 12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity
Based on available data, the product does not meet the criteria for classification as dangerous for the environment according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008.

12.2 Persistence and degradability
Persistence and degradability (biodegradation) in the environment: Decomposes in nitrate, ammoniacal and amidic nitrogen during the biodegradation, which are plant nutrients.

12.3 Bio accumulative potential
Ammonium nitrate and urea do not have any bio accumulative properties; do not form any toxic compounds with other substances presented in the air or drainage waters.

12.4 Mobility in soil
Mobility: well-soluble in water; NO₃ ion is extremely mobile; NH₄ cation is absorbed in soil.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment
According to Annex XIII of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006, no PBT and vPvB assessment has been conducted since product is inorganic.

12.6 Other hazards effect
None.

SECTION 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods
Waste from residues. Product waste according to Regulation (EU) No. 1357/2014 are classified as hazardous waste under the code HP 4 “Irritant - irritating to skin and injuries to eyes”. Product waste in Lithuania must be managed in accordance with the Law on Waste Management of the Republic of Lithuania, in other countries - in
according with the requirements of national legislation. Uncontaminated product waste can be used as a liquid fertilizer or must be handed over to waste management companies. The final product waste code is assigned by the waste manager / holder. Do not empty into drains or the environment without contaminating product residues. **Package waste disposal.** The contaminant free UAN waste according to Regulation (EC) No. 1357/2014 is classified as non-hazardous waste. Depending on degree and nature of contamination dispose of by use as fertilizer or to an authorised waste facility. Do not empty into drains. Dispose of this material in a safe way and in accordance with all applicable local and national regulations.

**Package waste disposal.** After UAN fertilizers discharge, the railway and truck tanks are further used for UAN fertilizers transportation. The solution, after railway and truck tanks inside water washing, can be used as fertilizer.

### SECTION 14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

**14.1 UN Number**
Not available because the product is not subject to ADR requirements.

**14.2 Proper shipping name**
Not available because the product is not subject to ADR requirements.

**14.3 Transport hazard classes**
Not available because the product is not subject to ADR requirements.

**14.4 Packaging group**
Not available because the product is not subject to ADR requirements.

**14.5. Environmental hazards**
The product is not classified as hazardous substance according to the Orange Book and International Transport Codes RID (Railway), ADR (Road) and IMDG (sea transport).

**14.6. Special precautions for users**
None.

**14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol 73/78 and the IBC Code**
The product may be transported unpackaged according to the 1973 The International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships, as amended by the 1978 Convention; Protocol (MARPOL) and the International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Bulk Hazardous Substances (IBC Code). The name of the product, in accordance with the IBC Code, to be used in the vessel's documents, is “Urea / Ammonium Nitrate Solution”. Pollution category – Z. Hazard – P (product included in the IBC Code due to its risk of contamination). Required type of vessel – 3 (2.1.2.3).

### SECTION 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulation/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**EU legislation:**
In accordance with Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II with all subsequent amendments and supplements and EC Regulation No. 830/2015

Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizers (UAN)

- European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR);
- The International Rule for Transport of Dangerous Substances by Railway (RID);
- The International Maritime Dangerous Goods (IMDG);
- International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships (MARPOL 73/78);

National Legislation (Lithuania):
- Applicable Law on Waste Disposal of the Republic of Lithuania;
- Applicable Law on Package and Package Waste Handling of the Republic of Lithuania;
- HN23 Maximum Allowable Concentrations of Hazardous Chemical Substances and Preparations in Working Environment. General Requirements;
- HN36 Banned and Restricted Substances;
- Applicable Regulations for Workers “Protection against the Impact of Chemical Factors” and Regulations for Workers “Protection against Carcinogenous and Mutagenous Impacts”;
- Applicable Procedure of Safety Data Sheet Requirements and Supply thereof to Professional Users;
- Applicable Rules on Labeling of Items (Products) to be Sold in Lithuania and Referring Price thereof;
- Applicable Rules on Waste Disposal;
- Minister of Social Security and Labor of the Republic of Lithuania and Minister of Health of 2001 July 24 order No. 97/406 “On Approval of Provisions for the Protection of Workers from Chemical Agents at Work and the
Protection of Workers from the Effects of Carcinogens and Mutagens at Work” (Official Gazette, 2001, No. 65-2396, TAR identification code 1012230ISAK0097 / 406), as subsequently amended.
- Chief State Labor Inspector of the Republic of Lithuania in 2006 August 1 Order No. 1-178 “On the Approval of the List-Classification of Potentially Dangerous Equipment to be Registered in the State Register, Indicating Their Parameters”.
- LST EN 149 “Respiratory protective devices. Filtering half masks for protection against particles. Requirements, testing, marking”;
- LST EN 166 “Personal eye protection. Technical requirements”;
- LST EN 388 “Protective gloves against mechanical hazards”;
- LST EN 420 “Protective gloves. General requirements and testing methods”;
- LST EN 469 “Protective clothing for firefighters. Performance requirements for firefighting protective clothing”;
- LST EN 13034 “Protective clothing against liquid chemicals. Requirements for the use of short-term protective clothing against liquid chemicals” (equipment type 6 and PB [6]);
- LST EN ISO 13688 “Protective clothing. General requirements (ISO 13688: 2013)”;
- LST EN 14387 “Respiratory protective devices. Gas filters and composite filters. Requirements, testing, marking”;
- LST EN ISO 20345 “Personal protective equipment. Safe footwear (ISO 20345: 2011)”.

Additional information about the corresponding Community provisions of safety, health and the environment for the product:
The product is not subject to requirements according to the Government Resolution No. 966 of the Government of the Republic of Lithuania of 2004.08.07 „On Approval of the Description of the List and Attribution Criteria for List of Materials, Mixtures or Preparations of Hazardous Substances in the Hazardous Objects“ (Official Gazette, 2004, No. 130-4649) with all subsequent amendments and supplements).

Preventions via Regulation for the product (EU) No.98/2013: the product contains ≥ 3% nitrogen in the form of ammonium nitrate according to Annex II of Regulation (EU) No 98/2013, therefore in accordance with Regulation (EU) No 98/2013 and “Fertilizers Europe”, all suspicious transactions, disappearances and thefts are subject to the obligation to notify the relevant national authority, the national contact point, of the Member State in which they occur.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment
In accordance with Regulation (EU) No 1907/2006 (REACH) Article 14, a Chemical Safety Assessment has been carried out for this substance. See Annex.

SECTION 16. OTHER INFORMATION

Revision date: 2020.07.20
Version: 8.0
Revision No. 0
Issuing date: 2020.07.20

(i) A clear evidence of added, deleted or modified information: The following changes were made to the safety

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Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizers (UAN)

Data sheet as compared to the previous version:
- sub-section 1.2.1: the name of the further use of the product has been changed and the product category PC11 has been deleted.
- Annex of SDS: the name of the further use of the product has been changed and the product category PC11 has been deleted.

(ii) List of abbreviations and acronyms used throughout the Safety Data Sheet:
ATE – acute toxicity estimate;
ADR – European Agreement on Dangerous Goods by Road;
C&L – Classification and Labelling;
CLP – Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation; Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008;
CAS – Chemical Abstracts Service;
CSR – Chemical safety report;
DNEL – Derived No-Effect value;
EC No. – EINECS or ELINCS numbers;
EU – European Union;
EC – European Commission;
ECHA – European Chemicals Agency;
EC No. – EINECS or ELINCS number;
EINECS – European List of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances;
ELINCS – European Register of Substances;
Eye Irrit. 2 – Eye irritating category 2;
GHS – Globally harmonized system;
HS – Hygiene Standard;
IMDG – International Maritime Dangerous Goods;
IMSCBC – International Code for the Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Sea;
IUCLID – International Database of General Information on Chemicals;
IUPAC – International Union of Pure and Applied Chemistry;
ĮST – Company Standards.
UN – United Nations;
Cow – octanol-water partition coefficient;
LC50 – Lethal concentration of 50% of tested population;
LD50 – Lethal dose for 50% of tested population;
LR – The main registrator;
LT – Lithuanian;
MARPOL 73/78 – International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships;
OJ – Official Gazette;
Oxid. Solid 3 – oxidizing solids, Cat.3;
PBT – Persistent, Bio accumulative, Toxic;
PEC – Predicted environmental concentration;
PNEC(s) – Forecast(-s) no effect(-s) concentration(-s);
PPE – Personal protective equipment;
REACH – Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restrictions;
RID – Regulations Concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail;
RV – Limit value in working environment;
RVP – Risk management measures;
SCBA – Self-contained breathing apparatus;
Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizers (UAN)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Classification in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008</th>
<th>Classification procedure</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Eye irritating Cat.2, H319</td>
<td>The product has been classified by the manufacturer after evaluation in the context of Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 for the classification of the hazard class or differentiation referred to in paragraphs 2 to 5 of Annex I in order to determine the hazards associated with the mixture. The product is classified as eye irritation Cat.2 as it contains more ammonium nitrate than the general concentration limit for classification in Category 2 laid down in table 3.3.3 of Annex I to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 and equal to 10%.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>The product is not classified as oxidizing solid Cat.3, H272</td>
<td>The product is not classified as oxidising according to the Guidelines for the Classification of Substances of Ammonium Nitrate under UN Fertilizers Europe (2011), which states that mixtures containing ammonium nitrate with ammonium nitrate content not exceeding 80% are not classified as oxidizing.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

(iii) Bibliography:
1) Registration of Ammonium Nitrate under the REACH dossier, published on the website of the European Chemicals Agency (data downloaded as of January 1, 2018);
2) European Fertilizer Manufacturers Association (Fertilizers Europe) released Guidance for the storage, handling and transportation of solid mineral fertilizers;
4) ECHA Guidance on information requirements and Chemical Safety Assessment, Chapter R.10);
5) European Fertilizer Manufacturers Association (Fertilizers Europe) released Guidance for UN transport classification of ammonium nitrate based substances (2011);

(iv) Applicable classification and procedures used to determine the classification of mixtures in accordance with Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP Regulation]:

(v) Relevant precautionary phrases:
H272 – May intensify fire; oxidizer;
H319 – Causes serious eye irritation;
P102 – Keep out of reach of children;
P220 – Keep/Store away from clothing/reducing agents/acid/alkali/sulphur/chlorates/chlorides/nitrates/permanganates/powder of metals and materials containing metals as follows: copper, nickel, cobalt, zinc.
and their alloys/combustible materials;
P262 – Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing;
P280 – Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection;
P305+P351+P338 – IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing;
P337+P313 – If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention;
P301+P315 – IF SWALLOWED: Get immediate medical advice/attention;
P264 – Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

(vi) Training Advice: To ensure the protection of people and the environment, people who manufacture, handle and use this product must be trained to work with hazardous substances, hazardous materials, nitrogen fertilizers with sulphur properties, have adequate hygiene skills, first aid principles and information on emergency procedures. This safety data sheet must be made available to those working with the product. Persons must be instructed before working with the product.

Additional information presented on the package (container) label of chemical substance:
Visual sign No. 3 “Keeps all the features unfreezed” in compliance with LST EN ISO 780.
UAN-32: “Keeping at lower than 0° C may freeze”.
UAN-30: “Keeping at lower than -9° C may freeze”.
UAN-28: “Keeping at lower than -16° C may freeze”.

NOTE. The information provided in this safety data sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information, and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal, and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any proceed, unless specified in the text.

This version replaces all previous documents.
ANNEX

Exposure scenarios of liquid nitrogen fertilizers (UAN):
1  Exposure scenario (1): Professional use in formulation of preparations and end-use;
2  Exposure scenario (2): Consumer end-use of fertilizers.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1. Exposure scenario (1)</th>
<th>Professional use in formulation of preparations and end-use</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Use descriptors related to the life cycle stage</td>
<td>SU22, PC12, PROC1/2/8a/8b/9/11/15/19, ERC8b/8e</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC</td>
<td>1. Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8e)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>List of names of contributing worker scenarios and corresponding PROC</td>
<td>1. Use in closed process, no likelihood of exposure (PROC1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2. Use in closed, continuous process with occasional controlled exposure (PROC2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at non-dedicated facilities (PROC8a)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4. Transfer of substance or preparation (charging/discharging) from/to vessels/large containers at dedicated facilities (PROC8b)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5. Transfer of substance or preparation into small containers (dedicated filling line, including weighing) (PROC9)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>6. Non industrial spraying (PROC11)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>7. Use as laboratory reagent (PROC15)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8. Hand-mixing with intimate contact and only PPE available (PROC19)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2.1 Contributing scenario (1) controlling environmental exposure
Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8b) and wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8e).
An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.

2.2 Contributing scenario (2) controlling worker exposure for professional use in formulation of preparations and end-use
All Process Categories are covered by this contributing scenario as all Operational Conditions (OCs) and
### Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizers (UAN)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Risk Management Measures (RMMs) are identical. PROC1/2/8a/8b/9/11/15/19</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Product characteristic</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Product related conditions, e.g. the concentration of the substance in a mixture, the physical state of that mixture (solid, liquid; if solid: level of dustiness), package design affecting exposure</td>
<td>Solid, low dustiness</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Liquid, &gt;25% substance in the product</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Amounts used</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Amounts used at a workplace (per task or per shift); note: sometimes this information is not needed for assessment of worker’s exposure</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Frequency and duration of use/exposure</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Duration per task/activity (e.g. hours per shift) and frequency (e.g. single events or repeated) of exposure</td>
<td>More than 4 hours per day</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Human factors not influenced by risk management</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Particular conditions of use, e.g. body parts potentially exposed as a result of the nature of the activity</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Other given operational conditions: e.g. technology or process techniques determining the initial release of substance from process into workers’ environment; room volume, whether the work is carried out outdoors/indoors, process conditions related to temperature and pressure.</td>
<td>Indoors or outdoors</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Process design aiming to prevent releases and hence exposure of workers; this in particular includes conditions ensuring rigorous containment; performance of containment to be specified (e.g. by quantification of residual losses or exposure)</td>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th><strong>Technical conditions and measures to control dispersion from source towards the worker</strong></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Engineering controls, e.g. exhaust ventilation, general ventilation; specify effectiveness of measure</td>
<td>1. Containment as appropriate</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2. Good standard of general ventilation</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Avoid splashing. Use specific dispensers and pumps specifically designed to prevent splashes/spills/exposure to occur</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Organizational measures to prevent /limit releases, dispersion and exposure

| Specific organizational measures or measures needed to support the functioning of particular technical measures (e.g. training and supervision). Those measures need to be reported in particular for demonstrating strictly controlled conditions (to justify exposure based waiving). | Not applicable. |

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

| Personal protection, e.g. wearing of gloves, face protection, full body dermal protection, goggles, respirator; specify effectiveness of measure; specify the suitable material for the PPE (where relevant) and advise how long the protective equipment can be used before replacement (if relevant) | 1. Protecting goggles |

3. Exposure information and reference to its source

Information for contributing scenario (1)

An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.

Information for contributing scenario (2)

A qualitative approach was used to conclude safe use for workers.

The leading toxicological effect is eye irritation (local endpoint), for which no DNEL can be derived as no dose-response information is available. As minimal systemic effects were only noted at such high levels of substance that humans are normally not exposed to (see DNELs), a quantitative assessment is not considered necessary.

4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

No additional risk management measures, besides those that are mentioned above, are needed to guarantee safe use for workers.

5. Additional good practice advice beyond the REACH CSA

Additional good practices (Operational Conditions and Risk Management Measures) beyond the REACH Chemical Safety Assessment established within Chemical Industry are also advised and communicated through Safety Data Sheets. Such as:

- Containment as appropriate;
- Minimize number of staff exposed;
- Segregation of the emitting process;
- Effective contaminant extraction;
- Good standard of general ventilation;
- Minimization of manual phases;
- Avoidance of contact with contaminated tools and objects;
- Regular cleaning of equipment and work area;
- Management/supervision in place to check that RMMs in place are being used correctly and OCs
followed;
- Training staff on good practice;
- Good standard of personal hygiene.

2. Exposure scenario (2)
Consumer end-use of fertilizers

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Use descriptors related to the life cycle stage</th>
<th>SU21</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>PC12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>ERC8b/8e/10a</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Name of contributing environmental scenario and corresponding ERC

| 1. Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8b) |
| 2. Wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8e) |
| 3. Wide dispersive outdoor use of long-life articles and materials with low release (ERC10a) |

List of names of contributing consumer scenarios (2) and corresponding PC and sub-product categories if applicable

| 1. Fertilizers (PC12) |

2.1 Contributing scenario (1) controlling environmental exposure
Wide dispersive indoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8b), wide dispersive outdoor use of reactive substances in open systems (ERC8e) and wide dispersive outdoor use of long-life articles and materials with low release (ERC10a).
An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.

2.2 Contributing scenario (2) consumer end-use of fertilizers
All Product Categories are covered by this contributing scenario as all Operational Conditions (OCs) and Risk Management Measures (RMMs) are identical. Exposure to eye irritating dilutions can occur during consumer use of fertilizers (PC12).

Product characteristic

| Product related conditions, e.g. the concentration of the substance in a mixture, the physical state of that mixture (solid, liquid; if solid: level of dustiness), package design affecting exposure | Solid, low dustiness. Liquid Products containing ≥10% and <10%. |

Amounts used

| Amounts used per event | Not applicable |

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

| Duration of exposure per event and frequency of events; please note: Tier 1 exposure assessment usually refers to external event exposure, without taking into account the | Not applicable |
Liquid Nitrogen Fertilizers (UAN)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Duration and frequency of the event (see Guidance Chapter R.15);</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Human factors not influenced by risk management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Particular conditions of use, e.g. body parts potentially exposed; population potentially exposed (adults, children)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Not applicable</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other given operational conditions affecting workers exposure</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other operational conditions e.g. room volume, air exchange rate, outdoor or indoor use</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indoors or outdoors</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditions and measures related to information and behavioral advice to consumers</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Safety advice to be communicated to consumers in order to control exposure, e.g. technical instruction, behavioral advice;</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Avoid splashing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Conditions and measures related to personal protection and hygiene</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Personal protection, e.g. wearing of gloves, face protection, full body dermal protection, goggles, respirator; specify effectiveness of measure; specify the suitable material for the PPE (where relevant) and advise how long the protective equipment can be used before replacement (if relevant).</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1. If ≥10% of ammonium nitrate: Use chemical goggles 2. If &lt;10% of ammonium nitrate: no personal protection needed 3. Instructions addressed to the consumer via product labeling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3. Exposure information and reference to its source</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information for contributing scenario (1)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>An environmental assessment has not been performed as the substance does not meet the criteria for being classified as dangerous for the environment.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Information for contributing scenario (2)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>A qualitative approach was used to conclude safe use for consumers. The leading toxicological effect is eye irritation (local endpoint), for which no DNEL can be derived as no dose-response information is available. As minimal systemic effects were only noted at such high levels of substance that humans are normally not exposed to (see DNELs), a quantitative assessment is not considered necessary.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4. Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No additional risk management measures, besides those that are mentioned above, are needed to guarantee safe use for workers/consumers for use of fertilizers: 1. If ≥10% ammonium nitrate: Use protecting goggles 2. If &lt;10% ammonium nitrate: No personal protection needed.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

The end of Safety Data Sheet.